

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Product name : Acetic Acid, 98%

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : For laboratory and manufacturing use only.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Montgomery-Rinehardt Corporation  
2435 Plantation Center Drive  
Suite 210  
Matthews, North Carolina, USA 28105

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### GHS-US classification

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302  
Skin Corr. 1B H314  
Eye Dam. 1 H318  
Aquatic Acute 3 H402

### 2.2. Label elements

#### GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



GHS05

GHS07

Signal word (GHS-US) :

Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) :

H302 - Harmful if swallowed  
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage  
H402 - Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) :

P260 - Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray  
P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection  
P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting  
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician  
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
P405 - Store locked up  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification :

None.

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### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Acetic Acid	(CAS No) 64-19-7	96-100	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	0-4	Not classified

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Assure fresh air breathing. Allow the victim to rest. Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Reactivity	: Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.
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### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions	: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Avoid (reject) fire-fighting water to enter environment.
Protection during firefighting	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment	: Safety glasses. Gloves. Protective clothing.
Emergency procedures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment	: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emergency procedures	: Ventilate area.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

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### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe mist, vapours, spray.

Hygiene measures : Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep container closed when not in use.

Incompatible products : Strong oxidizers. metals. Strong bases.

Incompatible products : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	10 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	10 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection : Chemical goggles or face shield.

Skin and body protection : Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Vinegar odour.

Odour threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : No data available

Melting point : No data available

Freezing point : No data available

Boiling point : No data available

Flash point : Not applicable

Self ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available

Vapour pressure : No data available

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Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.06 g/ml
Solubility	: Soluble in water.
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 2.18 cSt
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with (some) bases: release of heat.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. metals. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapours.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Harmful if swallowed.

#### Acetic Acid,98%

LD50 oral rat	1893 mg/kg
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#### Water (7732-18-5)

LD50 oral rat	≥ 90000 mg/kg
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Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

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### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
LC50 fishes 1	75 mg/l (96 h; Lepomis macrochirus)
EC50 Daphnia 1	47 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Not neutralized)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	> 5000 mg/l (5 h; Activated sludge)
LC50 fish 2	94 mg/l (96 h; Oryzias latipes)
EC50 Daphnia 2	95 mg/l (24 h; Daphnia magna; Static system)
TLM fish 1	100 ppm (96 h; Carassius auratus)
Threshold limit algae 1	90 mg/l (192 h; Microcystis aeruginosa; Neutralized)
Threshold limit algae 2	4000 mg/l (192 h; Scenedesmus quadricauda; Neutralized)

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Acetic Acid, 98%	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Inherently biodegradable. Biodegradable in the soil.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.6 - 0.74 g O <sup>2</sup> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.03 g O <sup>2</sup> /g substance
ThOD	1.07 g O <sup>2</sup> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.56 - 0.69 % ThOD

Water (7732-18-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Acetic Acid, 98%	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Log Pow	-0.31 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation: not applicable.

Water (7732-18-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Surface tension	0.028 N/m (20 °C)

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.  
Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT  
Transport document description : UN2790 Acetic acid solution (not less than 50 percent but not more than 80 percent acid, by mass), 8, II  
UN-No.(DOT) : 2790  
DOT NA no. : UN2790  
DOT Proper Shipping Name : Acetic acid solution  
not less than 50 percent but not more than 80 percent acid, by mass  
Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazard Classes : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

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Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive substances



Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) :

- A3 - For combination packagings, if glass inner packagings (including ampoules) are used, they must be packed with absorbent material in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.
- A6 - For combination packagings, if plastic inner packagings are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packagings.
- A7 - Steel packagings must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion.
- A10 - When aluminum or aluminum alloy construction materials are used, they must be resistant to corrosion.
- B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.
- IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.
- T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)
- TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling =  $95 / (1 + a (tr - tf))$  Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula:  $a = (d15 - d50) / 35 * d50$  Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

### Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### ADR

Transport document description :

### Transport by sea

No additional information available

### Air transport

No additional information available

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

Acetic Acid, 98%	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) :	5000 lb
Water (7732-18-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

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### 15.2. International regulations

#### CANADA

Acetic Acid, 98%	
WHMIS Classification	Class E - Corrosive
Material Acetic Acid (64-19-7)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 3 - Combustible Liquid Class E - Corrosive Material
Water (7732-18-5)	
WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria

#### EU-Regulations

No additional information available

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

#### 15.2.2. National regulations

No additional information available

### 15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

## SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Aquatic Acute 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment — AcuteHazard, Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquids, Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1B
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H402	Harmful to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard

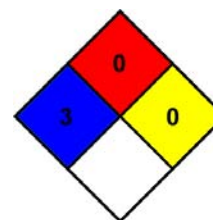
: 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



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### HMIS III Rating

Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard
Personal Protection	: H

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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